1990-91 as far as royalty rates are concerned;

(b) if so, why it was separated from F & G grade of coal while revising the rate of royalty on coal under Government of India Notification dated 12th October, 1994;

(c) whether Government of Gujarat has represented to the Central Government for its claim of higher rates of royalty;

(d) what action is taken by Government following the request of the State Government; and

(e) whether Government are aware of the fact that the State Government is suffering revenue loss due to the inaction on the part of the Central Government ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COAL (SHRI P. A. SANGMA): (a) to (c) Royalty on lignite was fixed for the first time in July, 1990 at Rs. 2.50 per tonne. Lignite has been categorised as Grade 'V coal alongwith *F' & 'G' Grade non-coking coal.

Rates of royalty on coal were earlier-revised in August, 1991. The rate of royalty on lignite was not revised at that time as its revision was not due. The rate of royalty on lignite continues to be at Rs. 2.50 per tonne though the rates of royalty on coal have been further revised recently.

In the recent past a proposal has been received from the Government of Gujarat for revision of royalty rates on lignite and also for allowing higher royalty on lignite produced in Gujarat.

(d) to (e) Any upward revision of royalty rate on lignite will lead to availability of higher revenues to the concerned State Governments. The views of tbe Government of Guiarat will be considered at the time of deciding revisions of royalty rates on lignite.

Cases against Controller of Imports and Exports, Pondicherry

*180. SHRI V. GOPALSAMY : Will the Minister of COMMERCE be pleased to state :

fa) whether it is a fact that the CBI has been directed/approached to institute cases against illegal gratification in grant of licences to Best Fabrics by Controller of Imports and Exports, Pondicherry :

(b) whether any duty exemption was granted to that firm;

(c) whether polyester suitings worth rupees four crores were imported bv the firm through Madras and Cochin ports in connivance with the concerned officials;

(d) whether any concerned officials were charged or not; and

(e) if not, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF COMMERCE (SHRI PRANAB MUKHERJEE): (a) No, Sir. CBI, however, has requested the Dte. of Revenue Intelligence (DRI) for certain records relating to the case against M/s. Best Fabrics, Madras, to whom advance licences were issued by the Controller of Imports & Exports, then working in the Office of Jt. DGFT, Madras, who is presently working in the Office of Dy. DGFT, Pondicherry. The records have been transmitted to CBI by the DRI.

(b) The advance licences wers issued under duty exemption scheme and the same qualified for dutv exemption with prescribed export obligation.

(c) Investigations conducted by DRI have revealed that M/s. Best Fabrics and its associates had fradulently imported various goods including polyster suitings through the port of Cochin & Madras, involving duty evasion of over Rs. 4 crores.

(d) and (e) The concerned officials of DGFT have been issued show-Cause Notices for issuing an Advance Licence with erroneous description. Involvement of Costoms officials has also been reported

False Claims on Products of Mass Consumption

1688. SHRI KRISHAN LAL SHARMA : WiH the Minister of CIVIL SUPPLIES, CONSUMER AFFAIRS AND PUBLIC DISTRIBUTION be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government are aware that new products of mass consumption are being introduced daily in the country;

(b) whether it is a fact that false claims are being made about these new products;

(c) whether Government have evolved any machinery to check such false claims being made before these products are introduced in the market;

(d) if so, the details thereof; and

(e) if not, the reasons therefor ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF CIVIL SUPPLIES. CONSUMER AFFAIRS AND PUBLIC DISTRIBUTION (SHRI H. R. BHARDWAJ^: (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) to (e) The Ministry of Civil Supplies, Consumer Affairs and Public Distribution has no mechanism to check the false claims before or after a new product is introduced in the market. However, false claims constitute an offence under the Consumer Protection Act, 1986 and the Monopolies and Restrictive Trade Practices

Act, 1969 where separate redressal machineries have been provided to deal with such offences.

Consumer Groups Dissatisfied with Functioning of Consumer Courts

1689. SHRI KRISHAN LAL SHARMA : Will the Minister of CIVIL SUPPLIES, CONSUMER AFFAIRS AND PUBLIC DISTRIBUTION be pleased to state :

(a) whether it is a fact that a number of consumer groups have expressed their dissatisfaction with the functioning and file-up of cases in Consumer Courts of the country;

(b) if so, the break-up of consumer disputes pending in various courts of the country as on date;

(c) whether it is also a fact that Government propose to entrust such cases to other agencies also for quick disposal; and

(d) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF CIVIL SUPPLIES. CONSUMER AFFAIRS AND PUBLIC DISTRIBUTION (SHRI H. R. BHARDWAJ): (a) The Consumer organisations have generally expressed their dissatisfaction over the functioning and pendency of cases in the consumer courts;

(b) A statement of cases pending in the State Commissions and District Consumer Fora in various States/UTs is enclosed. [See Appendix 17.2, Annexure No. 38.]

(c) No, Sir.

(d) Question does not arise.

Committee to Advise BIS on Quality Control

1690. PROF. VIJAY KUMAR MAL HOTRA: Wil! the Minister of CIVIL SUPPLIES, CONSUMER AFFAIRS AND PUBLIC DISTRIBUTION be pleased to state :

(a) whether a Committee had been constituted to advise the Bureau of Indian Standards (BIS) on ways and means to deal with violations of quality control orders as also misuse of ISI mark;

(b) if so, whether the Committee has become functional and has given any advice to BIS so far and if so. the details thereof;

(c) the details of the products for which the BIS has developed standards and whether the standards have been obligatory upon those products and if so; from which date;

(d) whether there is any proposal to constitute a similar committee to monitor the functioning of the Super Bazar and the Kendriya Bhandar to ensure that only quality goods are sold through them at reasonable prices as also tbe availability of all quality goods in all the branches, of these organisations; and

(e) if so, the details thereof and if not, the reasons therefor ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF CIVIL SUPPLIES, CONSUMER AFFAIRS AND PUBLIi DISTRIBUTION (SHRI H. R. BHARDWAJ) : (a) and (b) Yes, Sir. A Standing Committee on Enforcement has been set up by the Bureau of Indian Standards. The Committee has become functional and the main recommendations of the Committee are as under :—

(i) BIS should launch publicity drives so that concepts and requirements of quality and standards and legal provisions thereon become widely known all over the country.

(ii) Lacunae in the existing statutory provisions on enforcement of quality standards should be plugged

(iii) Consumer organisation* should be involved for supplementing the efforts of the BIS and the State Governments/UTs. These organisations should take recourse to Consumer Protection Act aid MRTP Act for enforcing the quality of products.

(c) BIS has developed approximately 16,500 standards covering various types of products, methods of tests, code of practice, vocabulary, etc. On considerations of health and safety of consumers, the Government has brought certain items, covering 125 standards, under mandatory certification through various notifications/ quality control orders issued under Essential Commodities Act, 1955, Prevention of Food Adulteration Act, 1954. etc. Details of these items, including dates of mandatory certification, are indicated in the Annexure. [See Appendix j72, Annexure No. 39.]

(d) and (e) There are no proposals to constitute committees to monitor the functioning of Super Bazar and Kendriya Bhandar. It is the endeavour of these organisations to sell only quality goods at reasonable prices and also to ensure their availability at all the branches.

सुपर बाजार के महाप्रबंधक द्वारा संसद सदस्यों से प्राप्त हुए पत्रों और अभ्यावेदनों का उत्तर दिया जाना

1691. श्री गोपाल सिंह जी. सोलंकी : क्या **नागरिक आपूर्ति, उपभोक्ता मामले और सार्वजनिक वितरण** मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या सुपर बाजार के महाप्रबंधक द्वारा सांसदों द्वारा भेजे जा रहे पत्रों और अभ्यावेदनों के उपयुक्त उत्तर दिये जा रहे हैं ;

(ख) यदि हां, तो उनका ब्यौरा क्या है,